

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PARTE 14 hour Units harder

1. REPORT NUMBER	TATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
	12 GOVT TUELLON NO	3 PECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
14	AD-A095 9	<i>17</i>
4. TITLE (and Subtitle)		3. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
Preparation and Electronic	Properties of Several	Technical
Members of the System $Fe_{x/3}$	$^{Nb}2x/3^{Ti}1-x^{O}2$	6 PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(s)		9. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(a)
B. Khazai, R. Kershaw, K. D	wight and A. Wold	N00014-77-C-0387
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND	ADDRESS	10 PROGRAM ELEVENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
Professor Aaron Wold		ANEX & WORLD BATT NOW BERS
Brown University, Department	t of Chemistry	NR-359-653
Providence, Rhode Island 029	912	
	RESS	12. REPORT DATE
Dr. David Nelson, Code 472		February 27, 1981
Office of Naval Research		13. NUMBER OF PAGES
Arlington, Virginia	itt different from Controlling Office.	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
Approved for Public Release;	Distribution Unlimited	d TICE
7. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstra	ct entered in Black 20, it sifterent fro	m Report) MAR 4
7. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstra	ict entered in Block 20, if sifferent fro	
8 SUPPLEMENTARY NCTES	rch Bulletin	
Submitted to Materials Resea O. KEY #ORDS (Continue in reverse side if no rutile titanium iron niobate	rch Bulletin cossery and identify by block number; operties	

DD 1 JAN 73 1473

EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH Contract, NO0014-77-C-0387

Task No. NR-359-653

TECHNICAL REPORT NO. 14

Preparation and Electronic Properties of Several Members of the

System Fe_(x/3)Nb_(x/3)Ti_{(1-x)²}

by

by

(1)27 Fe/81)

Prepared for Publication

in the

Materials Research Bulletin

<u>(C) 12]</u> (14) MR-14 [

Brown University

Department of Chemistry

Providence, Rhode Island

February 27, 1981

Acces	sion For	
NTIS	CRA&I	
DTIC	TAB	Ď l
Unant	ounced	
Justi	fication	
-	ibution/	
-	lability Cha	
	Amil on a	
Dist	lazmir an - d Naphainl	i [*]
Δ		!

Reproduction in whole or in part is permitted for any purpose of the United States Government

This document has been approved for public release and sale; its distribution is unlimited

145 436

1 81 3 04 025

PREPARATION AND ELECTRONIC PROPERTIES OF SEVERAL MEMBERS OF THE

SYSTEM $Fe_{x/3}^{Nb}_{2x/3}^{Ti}_{1-x}^{0}_{2}$

bv

Bijan Khazai, Robert Kershaw, Kirby Dwight and Aaron Wold

con de con-co

<u>-</u>1 - 1 - 1

Members of the series $Fe_{x/3}Nb_{2x/3}Ti_{1-x}O_2$ (x = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3) were synthesized and their electrical and magnetic properties studied. Powder diffraction patterns of the products could be indexed on the basis of a tetragonal rutile unit cell. (space group $PV_{2y/mnm}D_{2h}^{2h}$). Measurements of sintered discs at 300K gave resistivity values of the order of 10^6 Ω -cm. Magnetic susceptibility studies lead to an assignment of $Fe_{x/3}^{3+}Nb_{2x/3}^{5+}Ti_{x/3}^{3+}Ti_{1-4x/3}^{4+}O_2$ for the formal valencies of the ions. It appears that the observed high resistivity is the result of disordering of the ions in the rutile structure.

extituel in the

Introduction

A large number of recent publications have described the use of both $n-TiO_2$ or $n-Fe_2O_3$ as materials which can be used to prepare anodes capable of converting solar energy into electrical energy. In addition to the low efficiency shown by both materials, there are questions concerning the stability of TiO_2 (1) in the presence of oxygen production at the electrode surface.

Despite its lower optical band gap (2.2 eV), $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ is not a photoconductor because of its high resistivity, which results from the presence of iron in only the +3 valence state (2). Attempts to prepare conducting $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ resulted in the formation of Fe $_3\text{O}_4$, which reduces markedly the photoresponse.

The rare mineral niobian rutile from Salak, North Malaya, has the reported composition Fe $_{\rm x}$ (II) (NbTa) $_{\rm 2x}$ Ti $_{\rm 1-x}$ $^{\rm 0}_{\rm 2}$ (3) and contains both iron and either niobium or tantalum ions substituted for titanium in the MO $_{\rm 6}$ octahedra.

However, there appears little evidence for the assignment of these reported formal valencies.

As a result of the existence of this mineral, a study was undertaken in order to determine if members of the series $Fe_{x/3}^{Nb}_{2x/3}^{Ti}_{1-x}^{0}_{2}$ could be prepared and their magnetic and electrical properties determined. From such a study, appropriate values could be assigned to the valencies of the transition metal ions and the electrical properties of these compounds could be related to their structure.

Experimental Section

Members of the system $Fe_{x/3}^{Nb}_{2x/3}^{Ti}_{1-x}^{O}_{2}$ were prepared by direct combination of $Fe_{2}^{O}_{3}$, $Nb_{2}^{O}_{5}$ and TiO_{2} under an argon atmosphere at 1250°C. The $Fe_{2}^{O}_{3}$ was obtained from Johnson-Matthey (Specpure) and the $Nb_{2}^{O}_{5}$ from Kawecki Berylco Industries; TiO_{2} was prepared by the slow decomposition of ammonium titanyl oxalate (Johnson-Matthey).

Discs of the products where x = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3 were prepared by pressing aliquots of approximately 150 mg at 90,000 P.S.I. The pressed discs were placed on a platinum strip which was then heated, under argon, in a hollow globar tube furnace to 1250°C at a rate of 85° per hour, and maintained at that temperature for 24 hours. At the end of the sintering process, the discs were cooled at the same rate.

Powder diffraction patterns were obtained with a Philips Norelco diffractometer using monochromated high-intensity CuKa_1 radiation (λ = 1.5405 A). Initially, all products were examined by fast scans at 1° (20) per minute in order to determine the presence of obvious impurities. Slow scans at 0.25° (20) per minute were obtained for all single-phase samples, and their lattice parameters were determined by least squares analysis of all the peak positions in the range 12° \leq 20 \leq 72°.

The resistivities of the samples were measured using the Van der Pauw technique. Contacts were made by the ultrasonic soldering of indium directly onto the samples, and their ohmic behavior was established by measuring their current-voltage characteristics.

Magnetic susceptibilities were measured using a Faraday balance (4) over the range from liquid nitrogen to room temperature at a field strength of 10.4kOe. Hondo-Owen (field dependency) plots were also made to determine the presence or absence of ferromagnetic impurities. The data were then corrected for core diamagnetism (5).

Results and Discussion

For the composition range studied (x = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3), both iron and niobium atoms can be substituted for titanium in the rutile structure (space group $P_2/mnm-D_{2h}^{14}$). The powder diffraction patterns of the products can be indexed on the basis of a tetragonal unit cell. As seen in Table 1, there is a monotonic increase in cell parameters with increasing values of x.

TABLE 1 PRECISION LATTICE CONSTANTS FOR THE SYSTEM Fe $_{\rm x/3}^{\rm Nb}{}_{\rm 2x/3}^{\rm Ti}{}_{\rm 1-x}{}^{\rm O}{}_{\rm 2}$

Composition	<u>a(A)</u>	<u>c(A)</u>
x = 0	4.594 (1)	2.960 (1)
x = 0.1	4.610 (1)	2.969 (1)
x = 0.2	4.627 (1)	2.977 (1)
x = 0.3	4.646 (1)	2.986 (1)

Magnelli and co-workers (6) have shown that the pure rutile, ${\rm TiO}_2$, can be reduced to form nonstoichiometric compositions having shear structures as a result of the formation of ${\rm Ti}^{3+}(3d^1)$. The $3d^1$ electrons created by the reduction of Ti (IV) to Ti (III), can occupy a partially filled conduction band which gives rise to conductivity.

Resistivity measurements for members of the series $Fe_{x/3}^{Nb}_{2x/3}^{Ti}_{1-x}^{0}_{2}$ gave values of the order of 10^6 Ω -cm at 300K. The lack of conductivity indicated a need to determine the actual valencies of the ions present and to correlate these results with the ordering of the ions in the rutile structure.

The results of magnetic measurements for the compositions where x = 0.1, 0.3 are indicated in Figure 1, where inverse susceptibility is plotted vs. temperature. It is clear that both compositions show a Curic-Weiss behavior. As indicated in Table 2, two sets of magnetic couples can be considered.

TABLE 2

MAGNETIC DATA FOR Fe_{.1}Nb_{.2}Ti_{.7}O₂ (x = 0.3)

Couple	ctheo M eq.Fe	CM eq.Fe
Fe ²⁺ , Ti ⁴⁺	3.00	4.85
Fe ³⁺ , Ti ³⁺	4.75	4.85

The first model assumes magnetic contributions from Fe $^{2+}$ only, since Ti is a 3d 0 ion. This is consistent with the well-known observation that Fe $^{3+}$ is not stable under reducing conditions at elevated temperatures. Assuming a Fe $^{2+}$ - Ti⁴⁺ couple, a value for the Curie constant for a mole equivalent of iron $^{C}_{M}$ eq.Fe $^{=}$ 3.00 can be calculated.

A second possibility is the existence of a Fe $^{3+}$ - Ti $^{3+}$ couple. This leads to a Curie constant of 4.75. This value is in close agreement with the experimental value of 4.85. Hence an assignment of Fe $_{\rm x/3}^{3+}$ Nb $_{\rm 2x/3}^{5+}$ Ti $_{\rm 1-4x/3}^{4+}$ O $_{\rm 2}$ can be made for the valencies of the ions in this phase.

The observed high resistivity for the products prepared may be attributed to a random distribution of the ions in the rutile structure. Such disorder prevents the formation of Ti = 0 - Ti

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Office of Naval Research, Arlington, Virginia, supported the work of Bijan Khazai and Kirby Dwight. In addition, the authors would like to acknowledge the support of the Materials Research Laboratory Program at Brown University.

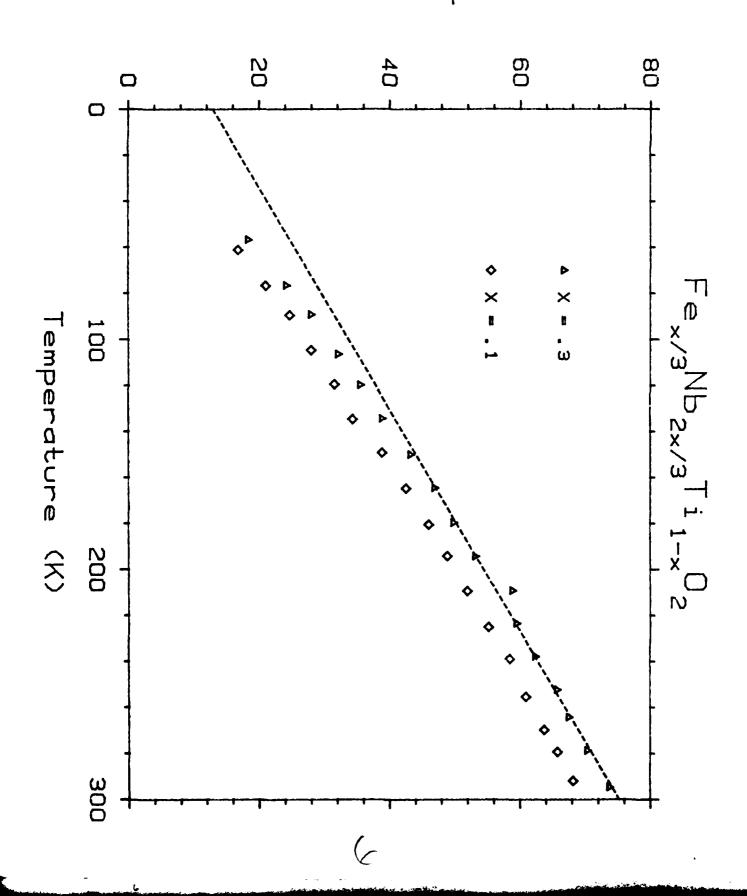
Figure 1

Inverse magnetic susceptibility vs. temperature

References

- 1. L. A. Harris and R. H. Wilson, J. Electrochem Soc., 123, 1010 (1976).
 - L. A. Harris, D. R. Cross and M. E. Gerstner ibid, 124, 839 (1977).
- P. Merchant, R. Collins, R. Kershaw, K. Dwight and A. Wold; J. of Solid State Chemistry, <u>27</u>, 307 (1979).
- 3. B. H. Flinter, Geological Survey of Malaya, IPOH; A.S.T.M. powder diffraction file card number 11-396.
- 4. B. Morris and A. Wold, Rev. Sci. Instr. 39, 1937 (1968).
- 5. P. W. Selwood, "Magnetochemistry", 2nd ed., Interscience Publishing Co., 1956.
- 6. S. Anderson, B. Collen, U. Kylenstierna and A. Magnelli, Acta Chemica Scand. 11, 1641 (1957).

 x^{-1} (emu/mol.eq.Fe)⁻¹



TECHNICAL REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST, GEN

	No. Copies		No. Copies
Office of Naval Research		U.S. Army Research Office	
Attn: Code 472		Attn: CRD-AA-IP	
800 North Quincy Street		P.O. Box 1211	
Arlington, Virginia 22217	2	Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27709	1
ONR Branch Office		Naval Ocean Systems Center	
Attn: Dr. George Sandoz		Attn: Mr. Joe McCartney	
536 S. Clark Street		San Diego, California 92152	1
Chicago, Illinois 60605	1	Naval Weapons Center	
ONR Area Office		Attn: Dr. A. B. Amster,	
Attn: Scientific Dept.		Chemistry Division	
715 Broadway		China Lake, California 93555	1
New York, New York 10003	1	China bake, Calliothia 95555	*
New lork, New lork 10005	•	Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory	
ONR Western Regional Office		Attn: Dr. R. W. Drisko	
1030 East Green Street		Port Hueneme, California 93401	1
Pasadena, California 91106	1	fort addition, darker and your	•
14344444 72100	-	Department of Physics & Chemistry	
ONR Eastern/Central Regional Office		Naval Postgraduate School	
Attn: Dr. L. H. Peebles		Monterey, California 93940	1
Building 114, Section D		••	
666 Summer Street		Dr. A. L. Slafkosky	
Boston, Massachusetts 02210	1	Scientific Advisor	
·		Commandant of the Marine Corps	
Director, Naval Research Laboratory		(Code RD-1)	
Attn: Code 6100		Washington, D.C. 20380	1
Washington, D.C. 20390	1		
		Office of Naval Research	
The Assistant Secretary		Attn: Dr. Richard S. Miller	
of the Navy (RE&S)		800 N. Quincy Street	
Department of the Navy		Arlington, Virginia 22217	1
Room 4E736, Pentagon	_		
Washington, D.C. 20350	1	Naval Ship Research and Development Center	
Commander, Naval Air Systems Command		Attn: Dr. G. Bosmajian, Applied	
Attn: Code 310C (H. Rosenwasser)		Chemistry Division	
Department of the Navy		Annapolis, Maryland 21401	1
Washington, D.C. 20360	1		
		Naval Ocean Systems Center	
Defense Technical Information Center		Attn: Dr. S. Yamamoto, Marine	
Building 5, Cameron Station		Sciences Division	
Alexandria, Virginia 22314	12	San Diego, California 91232	1
Dr. Fred Saalfeld		Mr. John Boyle	
Chemistry Division, Code 6100		Materials Branch	
Naval Research Laboratory		Naval Ship Engineering Center	•
Washington, D.C. 20375	1	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19112	1

TECHNICAL REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST, GEN

No. Copies

Dr. Rudolph J. Marcus
Office of Naval Research
Scientific Liaison Group
American Embassy
APO San Francisco 96503 1

Mr. James Kelley
DTNSRDC Code 2803
Annapolis, Maryland 21402 1

TECHNICAL REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST, 359

	No. Codies		No. Copies
Pr. Paul Delahav		Dr. P. J. Hendra	
Department of Chemistry		Department of Chemistry	
New York University		University of Southhampton	
New York, New York 10003	1	Southhampton SO9 5NH	
•		United Kingdom	1
Dr. E. Yeager			
Department of Chemistry		Dr. Sam Perone	
Case Western Reserve University		Department of Chemistry	
Cleveland, Ohio 41106	1	Purdue University	
		West Lafayette, Indiana 47907	1
Dr. D. N. Bennion		•	
Department of Chemical Engineering		Dr. Royce W. Murray	
Brigham Young University		Department of Chemistry	
Provo, Utah 84602	1	University of North Carolina	
		Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27514	1
Dr. R. A. Marcus		, ,	
Department of Chemistry		Naval Ocean Systems Center	
California Institute of Technology		Attn: Technical Library	
Pasadena, California 91125	1	San Diego, California 92152	1
Du I I Aukama		D 0 D V 11	
Dr. J. J. Auborn Bell Laboratories		Dr. C. E. Mueller	
	1	The Electrochemistry Branch	
Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974	1	Materials Division, Research	
Day Adam II-II am		& Technology Department	
Dr. Adam Heller		Naval Surface Weapons Center	
Bell Laboratories	,	White Oak Laboratory	,
Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974	1	Silver Spring, Maryland 20910	1
Dr. T. Katan		Dr. G. Goodman	
Lockheed Missiles & Space		Globe-Union Incorporated	
Co, Inc.		5757 North Green Bay Avenue	
P.O. Box 504		Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201	1
Sunnyvale, California 94088	1	·	
		Dr. J. Boechler	
Dr. Joseph Singer, Code 302-1		Electrochimica Corporation	
NASA-Lewis		Attention: Technical Library	
21000 Brookpark Road		2485 Charleston Poad	
Cleveland, Ohio 44135	1	Mountain View, California 94040	1
Dr. B. Brummer		Dr. P. P. Schmidt	
EIC Incorporated		Department of Chemistry	
55 Chapel Street		Oakland University	
Newton, Massachusetts 02158	1	Rochester, Michigan 48063	1
1 (1		no no nichael	
Library		Dr. H. Richtol	
P. R. Mallorv and Company, Inc.		Chemistry Department	
Northwest Industrial Park	•	Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	•
Burlington, Massachusetts 01803	1	Troy, New York 12181	1

TECHNICAL REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST, 359

	No. Copies		No. Copies
Dr. A. B. Ellis		Dr. R. P. Van Duvne	
Chemistry Department		Department of Chemistry	
University of Wisconsin		Northwestern University	
Madison, Wisconsin 53706	1	Evanston, Illinois 60201	1
Dr. M. Wrighton		Dr. B. Stanley Pons	
Chemistry Department		Department of Chemistry	
Massachusetts Institute		University of Alberta	
of Technology		Edmonton, Alberta	
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139	1	CANADA T6C 2G2	1
Larry E. Plew		Dr. Michael J. Weaver	
Naval Weapons Support Center		Department of Chemistry	
Code 30736, Building 2906		Michigan State University	
Crane, Indiana 47522	1	Fast Lansing, Michigan 48824	1
S. Ruhv		Dr. R. David Rauh	
DOF (STOR)		EIC Corporation	
600 E Street		55 Chapel Street	
Washington, D.C. 20545	1	Newton, Massachusetts 02158	1
Dr. Aaron Wold		Dr. J. David Margerum	
Brown University		Research Laboratories Division	
Department of Chesistry		Hughes Aircraft Company	
Providence, Rhode Island 02192	1	3011 Malibu Canyon Road	
,		Malibu, California 90265	1
Dr. R. C. Chudacek			
McGraw-Edison Company		Dr. Martin Fleischmann	
Edison Battery Division		Department of Chemistry	
Post Office Box 28		University of Southampton	
Bloomfield, New Jersey 07003	1	Southampton 509 5NH England	1
Dr. A. J. Bard		Dr. Janet Ostervoung	
University of Texas		Department of Chemistry	
Department of Chemistry		State University of New	
Austin, Texas 78712	1	York at Buffalo	
		Buffalo, New York 14214	1
Dr. M. M. Nicholson			
Electronics Research Center		Dr. R. A. Osteryoung	
Rockwell International		Department of Chemistry	
3370 Miraloma Avenue		State University of New	
Anaheim, California	1	York at Buffalo	_
		Buffalo, New York 14214	1
Dr. Donald W. Ernst			
Naval Surface Weapons Center		Mr. James R. Moden	
Code R-33		Naval Underwater Systems	
White Oak Laboratory		Center	
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910	1	Code 3632	•
		Newport, Rhode Island 02840	1

TECHNICAL REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST, 359

	No.		No.
	Copies		Copies
Dr. R. Nowak		Dr. John Kincaid	1
Naval Research Laboratory		Department of the Navy	
Code 6130		Stategic Systems Project Office	
Washington, D.C. 20375	1	Room 901	
•		Washington, DC 20376	
Dr. John F. Houlihan		,	
Shenango Valley Campus		M. L. Robertson	
Pennsylvania State University		Manager, Electrochemical	
Sharon, Pennsylvania 16146	1	Power Sonices Division	
		Naval Weapons Support Center	
Dr. M. G. Sceats		Crane, Indiana 47522	1
Department of Chemistry		•	
University of Rochester		Dr. Elton Cairns	
Rochester, New York 14627	1	Energy & Environment Division	
		Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory	
Dr. D. F. Shriver		University of California	
Department of Chemistry		Berkeley, California 94720	1
Northwestern University		• ,	
Evanston, Illinois 60201	1	Dr. Bernard Spielvogel	
		U.S. Army Research Office	
Dr. D. H. Whitmore		P.O. Box 12211	
Department of Materials Science		Research Triangle Park, NC 27709	1
Northwestern University			
Evanston, Illinois 60201	1	Dr. Denton Elliott	
		Air Force Office of	
Dr. Alan Bewick		Scientific Research	
Department of Chemistry		Bldg. 104	
The University		Bolling AFB	
Southampton, SO9 5NH England	1	Washington, DC 20332	1
Dr. A. Himy			
NAVSEA-5433			
NC #4			
2541 Jefferson Davis Highway			
Arlington, Virginia 20362	1		